LECTIA V

Pasivul se formeaza conjugând verbul to be la timpul cerut de sens, la care se adauga forma III (participiul trecut) a verbului de conjugat.

Ex. I am asked.

I have been asked.

I was asked.

I had been asked.

I will be asked.

In limba româna, trecerea de la diateza activa la diateza pasiva se face prin transformarea complementului direct in subiect.

Ex. Activ: Directorul m-a chemat pe mine.

Pasiv: Eu am fost chemat de director.

In limba engleza, exista trei tipuri de complemente care pot deveni subiect in transformarea de la activ la pasiv: *complementul direct, complementul indirect* si, in unele cazuri, *complementul prepozitional*.

Ex. Activ: I gave him a book.

Unde complementul direct este *a book*, iar complementul indirect este *him*. Ambele complemente pot deveni subiecte in cazul trecerii la pasiv. Desigur, subiectul va fi trecut la cazul nominativ.

Complement direct → Subject

A book was given to him. (by me)

Complement indirect → Subject

He was given a book. (by me)

In propozitia: *In this office they insist on punctuality, punctuality* este un complement prepozitional, care, de asemenea, poate deveni subject in cazul folosirii diatezei pasive: *In this office punctuality is insisted on* (by them).

Un alt exemplu de complement prepozitional care poate deveni subiect.

Activ: She looked after the child.

Pasiv: The child was looked after (by her).

In multe cazuri, pasivul se foloseste atunci când nu este important cine face actiunea. In aceste situatii, se omite formularea *by*, de la sfârsitul propozitiei.

Ex. In this office punctuality is insisted on.

Nota: Se poate folosit aspectul continuu al diatezei pasive numai la Present Tense si Past Tense.

Ex. While I am in hospital, my flat is being painted. While I was in hospital, my flat was being painted.

Exercitii cu diateza pasiva

1. Treceti urmatoarele propozitii la diateza pasiva:

- 1. They will finish the work today.
- 2. He has found your bag.
- 3. I will invite my friend to a party.

- 4. Someone has found the missing child.
- 5. A specialist will repair my TV set.
- 6. His coworkers must do something for him.
- 7. People play football all over the world.
- 8. The noise frightened me.
- 9. They are building a new house round the corner.
- 10. They were building a new supermarket in that district last month, when I passed by.

2. Treceti urmatoarele propozitii la diateza pasiva in doua feluri, transformând atât complementul direct cât si cel indirect in subiecte:

- 1. The doctor prescribed some pills to the patient.
- 2. They have given me a nice present.
- 3. The policeman will show us the way.
- 4. I teach them English.
- 5. I have lent John two of my books.
- 6. The jury awarded the Romanian film director the Great Prize.
- 7. The guide showed the museum to the tourists.
- 8. They will give me a reward.
- 9. My friend doesn't always tell me the truth.
- 10. The teacher asked me a difficult question.

3. Treceti la pasiv urmatoarele propozitii care cuprind combinatii verb+prepozitie:

- 1. They didn't look after the children properly.
- 2. We called for the doctor.
- 3. We couldn't account for his odd behaviour.
- 4. Burglars broke into the house.
- 5. Don't speak until someone speaks to you.
- 6. He hasn't slept in his bed.
- 7. We laughed at John.
- 8. We objected to his proposal.
- 9. They set fire to the shed.

4. Treceti urmatoarele propozitii la diateza pasiva:

- 1. Has someone repaired the TV set?
- 2. Will you write the letter in ink?
- 3. Haven't they told you to be here at 6 o'clock?
- 4. Did the tornado frighten you?
- 5. Will someone tell him the details?
- 6. Have you fed the dog?
- 7. Did the sight of the accident shock him?
- 8. Did they tell you about the meeting?
- 9. Do you think they will turn down your request?
- 10. Would you have finished your work sooner if your colleagues hadn't interrupted you?

5. Treceti urmatoarele propozitii de la diateza pasiva la diateza activa. Gasiti subiecte acolo unde este necesar:

- 1. This book will soon be forgotten.
- 2. These books mustn't be taken away.
- 3. English is spoken all over the world.
- 4. This painting is admired by all the visitors of the museum.
- 5. This house has been built out of stone and cement.
- 6. A reception was held in his honour.
- 7. The pupils will be told where to sit.
- 8. I was recommended a very good doctor.
- 9. The climber was finally discovered by the rescue party.
- 10. He hates being made fun of.

6. Traduceti in limba engleza:

- 1. In acest hotel se vorbesc limbi straine.
- 2. Ni s-a cerut sa aratam pasapoartele.
- 3. Ni s-au spus lucruri foarte interesante la conferinta.
- 4. Evenimentul a fost comentat de toate ziarele.
- 5. Scrisoarea va fi pusa la posta cât mai curând posibil.
- 6. Nu s-a auzit nimic despre el de când a plecat la Constanta.
- 7. Aceasta informatie treuie tratata confidential.
- 8. Sensurile cuvintelor noi trebuie cautate in dictionar.
- 9. Când a ajuns acasa si-a dat seama ca I se furase portofelul.
- 10. Cursul profesorului a fost ascultat de toti studentii.
- 11. Ni se vor da instructiuni detaliate in privinta referatului.
- 12. Se construiesc multe blocuri noi in cartierul nostru.
- 13. Muzeul a fost inchis pentru reparatii.
- 14. Acest timbru nu a fost bine lipit pe plic.
- 15. America a fost descoperita la sfârsitul secolului al XV-lea.